Response to Restriction Requirement

Applicants: Chung Chan et al. Serial No.: 10/735,149 Filed: December 12, 2003

For: IL-21 PRODUCTION IN PROKARYOTIC HOSTS

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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the instant application.

## Listing of Claims

- 1. (original) An expression vector for producing IL-21 protein comprising the following operably linked elements:
  - (a) a prokaryotic origin of replication;
  - (b) a transcriptional initiation DNA element;
  - (c) a polynucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO:27;
- and
- (d) a transcriptional terminator.
- 2. (original) The expression vector of claim 1 which further comprises a selectable marker.
- 3. (original) An expression vector comprising the pTAP337 vector, deposited with the American Type Culture Collection in Manassas, VA. under Patent Deposit Designation PTA-4853.
- 4. (original) A prokaryotic host cell transformed with the expression vector according to claims 1, 2 or 3.
- 5. (original) The host cell of claim 4, wherein the host cell is E. coli strain W3110.
- 6. (original) A method for producing IL-21 proteins comprising:
- (a) culturing a host cell according to claim 5 in growth medium under conditions wherein IL-21 is expressed;
  - (b) recovering the host cells from the growth medium; and
  - (c) isolating the IL-21 protein from the host cells.
- 7. (withdrawn) A method for producing IL-21 proteins comprising:
- (a) culturing a host cell according to claim 5 in growth medium by fed batch fermentation;

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- (b) recovering the host cells from the growth medium; and
- (c) isolating the IL-21 protein from the host cells.
- 8. (withdrawn) A method for producing an IL-21 protein comprising:
- (a) culturing a host cell according to claim 4 or claim 5 in a shake flask to an OD600 of 5 to 20 in a growth medium;
- (b) inoculating a fermentation vessel with 1 to 12% v/v of shake flask medium containing host cells;
- (c) culturing the host cells in a growth medium at a pH of 6.2 to 7.2, wherein a feed solution is fed into the fermentation vessel before 15 hours elapsed fermentation time (EFT);
- (d) adding an inducing agent to the fermentation vessel at 20 to 30 hours EFT; and
  - (e) harvesting the host cells at 48 to 56 hours EFT.
- 9. (withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein the inducing agent is isopropyl thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) at 0.5 to 2 mM.
- 10. (withdrawn) The method of claim 8, wherein the feed solution comprises a carbohydrate selected from the group consisting of glycerol and glucose at a concentration of growth medium, and a feed rate of 5-15 grams of carbohydrate per hour.
- 11. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the glycerol is 40 to 70% v/v glycerol or the glucose is 40 to 70% w/v glucose.
- 12. (withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the glycerol is about 70% v/v or the glucose is about 60% w/v.
- 13. (withdrawn) A method of producing IL-21 protein comprising:
- (a) seeding a flask with an inoculum comprising an *E. coli* W3110 host cell expressing an IL-21 polypeptide as shown in SEQ ID NO:28, or an *E. coli* W3110 host cell comprising pTAP337 vector wherein an IL-21 polypeptide is expressed, and with growth medium comprising about 5 g/L glycerol;

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- (b) culturing the inoculum in growth medium for 16-20 hours at about 30°C:
- (c) transferring the cultured inoculum in growth medium to a batch fermentor at a concentration of 0.5-5% v/v inoculum;
- (d) fermenting the batch fermentation at about 37° and about pH 6.8; with about 2% glycerol;
- (e) introducing a glucose feed at about 8 hours elapsed fermentation time (ElT) of about 9.5 g glucose/liter/hour and continuing until end of a fermentation run;
- (f) adding IPTG at about 24 hour EFT to final concentration of 0.5 to 2 mM:
  - (g) fermenting about 28 hours after addition of IPTG;
  - (h) harvesting fermentation broth from the fermenter;
- (i) adding an equal volume of water to the fermentation broth; and
- homogenizing and centrifuging the fermentation broth to collect a cell pellet or cell slurry comprising IL-21 protein material.
- 14. (withdrawn) A method for isolating insoluble IL-21 protein comprising a sequence of amino acid residues as shown in SEO ID NO:28 comprising the steps of:
- (a) separating water insoluble IL-21 protein material from a cell pellet or cell slurry;
- **(b)** dissolving the insoluble IL-21 protein material in a chaotropic solvent;
- (c) diluting the chaotropic solvent and refolding the IL-21 protein; and
- (d) isolating the IL-21 protein, wherein the isolated IL-21 protein is capable of being biologically active.
- 15. (withdrawn) The method of claim 14 wherein the isolated IL-21 protein is at least 90% purc.
- 16. (withdrawn) The method of claim 14 wherein the isolated IL-21 protein is at least 90% pure and has an endotoxin level of less than 10 endotoxin units per mg IL-21 protein.

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- 17. (withdrawn) A method for isolating insoluble IL-21 protein comprising a sequence of amino acid residues as shown in SEQ ID NO:28 comprising the steps of:
- (a) separating from a fermentation broth a cell pellet or cell slurry comprising water insoluble IL-21 protein material;
- (b) homogenizing the cell pellet or cell slurry to collect inclusion bodies:
- (c) dissolving the insoluble IL-21 protein material in a chaotropic solvent comprising a guanidine salt;
- (d) diluting the chaotropic solvent by addition of a refolding buffer comprising arginine salts and a mixture of reducing and oxiding components;
- (e) isolating the IL-21 protein by removing unfolded and aggregated proteins by filtering; and
- (f) purifying the IL-21 refolded protein on a cation exchange column; wherein the isolated and purified IL-21 protein is capable of being biologically active.
- 18. (withdrawn) A method for isolating insoluble IL-21 protein comprising a sequence of amino acid residues as shown in SEQ ID NO:28 comprising the steps of:
- (a) separating from a fermentation broth a cell pellet or cell slurry comprising water insoluble IL-21 protein material;
- (b) homogenizing the cell pellet or cell slurry to collect inclusion bodies;
- (c) dissolving the insoluble IL-21 protein material in a chaotropic solvent comprising a guanidine salt; and
- (d) diluting the chaotropic solvent by addition of a refolding buffer comprising arginine salts and a mixture of reducing and oxidizing components;
- (e) isolating the IL-21 protein by removing unfolded and aggregated proteins by filtering;
- (f) purifying the IL-21 refolded protein on a cation exchange column; and
- (g) purifying the IL-21 eluate from step (f) on a hydrophobic interaction column, wherein the isolated and purified IL-21 protein is capable of being biologically active.

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- 19. (withdrawn) A method for isolating insoluble IL-21 protein comprising a sequence of amino acid residues as shown in SEQ ID NO:28 comprising the steps of:
- (a) separating from a fermentation broth a cell pellet or cell slurry comprising water insoluble IL-21 protein material;
- (b) homogenizing the cell pellet or cell slurry to collect inclusion bodies:
- (c) dissolving the insoluble IL-21 protein in a chaotropic solvent comprising about 6M guanidine hydrochloride, 40 mM dithiothreitol (DTT) for about one hour at room temperature;
- (d) refolding the dissolved inclusion bodies in a solution by diluting into refolding buffer comprising about 0.75 M arginine, 2 mM DTT/4 mM cystine oxidation-reduction pair at least 20 times;
- (e) adjusting pH to about 5.5 with about 20% acetic and allowing the solution to react for at least five hours;
- (f) diluting the solution with about 1 + 1.4 volumes 25 mM acetate, pH 5.5;
  - (g) filtering the solution;
- (h) loading solution on resin column equilibrated to pH 5.5 using sodium acetate buffer;
- (i) washing the resin column with about 0.4 M sodium chloride:
- (j) washing the resin column with about 0.75 M sodium chloride to elute bound IL-21 protein;
- (k) adding ammonium sulfate to a concentration of about 1.5 M to eluate and filtering eluate solution;
- (1) loading cluate onto a Tosohaas butyl 650-M column equilibrated to 1.5 M ammonium sulfate, 0.05 M sodium chloride in sodium acetate buffer;
- (m) washing column with about 0.15 M ammonium sulfate, 0.05 sodium chloride in sodium acetate buffer;
- (n) diluting the eluate to a conductivity of about 30 mS/cm with water;
- (o) loading cluate onto a SP Sepharose HP column equilibrated with sodium acetate buffer;

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- (p) washing column with 20-column volume linear gradient from 0.3 to 0.7 M sodium chloride;
  - (q) concentrating the IL-21 protein; and
- (r) exchanging buffer to formulation buffer using tangential flow ultrafiltration.
- 20. (withdrawn) The method according to claims 13, 14, 15, or 16, wherein biological activity is measured using a IL-21 receptor-binding cell assay.
- 21. (withdrawn) A composition comprising an IL-21 protein comprising amino acids residues 1-163 as shown in SEQ ID NO:28 at a concentration of about 10 mg/ml IL-21 protein in about 10 mM histidine, 4.7% mannitol at pH 5.3
- 22. (original) A host cell from a strain of zGOLD1, deposited with the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) in Manassas, VA transformed with an expression vector comprising a pTAP337 vector, deposited with the ATCC under Patent Deposit Designation PTA-4853.